MAT 2384 C Assignment 5 Winter 2019, Dr. Schmah

due Wednesday, April 3rd, 4:00pm, in class

Students are encouraged to discuss homework problems with others. However, once you understand how to solve a problem, you must write out your own solution, without copying others' work.

[10pts] 1. Find the general solution to the following nonhomogeneous system:

$$\mathbf{y}' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ 4 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{y} + \begin{bmatrix} -2x^2 + 14x + 14 \\ -4x^2 + 18x + 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

[15pts] 2. Find the Laplace transforms of:

(a)
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} e^t, & 0 < t \le \pi/2, \\ 0, & t \ge \pi/2. \end{cases}$$

(b) $f(t) = te^{-4t}u(t-3).$
(c) $f(t) = \sin(\omega t + \theta).$

[10pts] 3. Calculate:

(a)
$$e^t * e^{-t}$$

(b) $\mathcal{L}^{-1} \{ 6 (1 - e^{-\pi s}) / (s^2 + 9) \}$

[10pts] 4. Solve the initial value problem $y'' + y = \delta(t - \pi) - \delta(t - 2\pi)$, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1.

- [15pts] 5. Consider the initial value problem $y' = x + 2\cos y$, y(0) = 0.
 - (a) Use the Improved Euler's method, with h = 0.1, to approximate the solution of the IVP on the interval $0 \le x \le 0.4$. Calculate the absolute error of the estimate of y(0.4).
 - (b) Use the fourth order Runge-Kutta method, with h = 0.2, to approximate the solution of the same IVP on the same interval $0 \le x \le 0.4$. Calculate the absolute error of the estimate of y(0.4).

Round your results to 6 decimal places at each step.