

(Co)formality of the little ball operad and the rational homotopy type of spaces of long knots

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(Joint works with V. Turchin, I. Volic, and Greg Arone) Sinha has shown how the space of long knots can be expressed as the totalisation of the cosimplicial space associated to a certain multiplicative operad equivalent to the little ball operad. We show how to use this result to deduce the collapsing of the Vassiliev spectral sequence computing the rational homology of the space of long knots of codimension  $> 2$ . This completely determines the rational homotopy type of long knots in codimension  $> 2$ . The proof involves an interesting new construction that associates to any morphism of operad a diagram generalizing the cosimplicial object usually associated to a multiplicative operad. We also prove the "coformality" of the little ball operad and deduce the collapsing of a "dual" spectral sequence computing the rational homotopy of long knots. Some results pass in codimension 2.

**THE SPACE OF LONG KNOTS**

Fix  $d \geq 3$

Fix a linear embedding  $\varepsilon : \mathbb{R} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$   
 $t \mapsto (t, 0, \dots, 0)$

Def The space of long knots is  
 $\mathcal{L} = \text{Emb}(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}^d) = \{ f : \mathbb{R} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^d \text{ smooth emb.} \}$   
s.t.  $f(t) = \varepsilon(t)$  for  $|t| \gg 1$

Slight variation:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \overline{\text{Emb}}(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}^d) & \longrightarrow & \text{Emb}(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}^d) & \xrightarrow{j} & \text{Imm}(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}^d) \\
 \parallel & & \parallel & & \parallel \text{ small} \\
 \mathcal{L} & & \mathcal{L} & & \Omega S^{d-1} \\
 j_* \Rightarrow & \mathcal{L} \simeq & \mathcal{L} \times & \Omega^2 S^{d-1} & .
 \end{array}$$

PROBLEM: How to determine the homotopy type of  $\overline{\mathcal{L}}$  ?

$$H_*(\overline{\mathcal{L}}) = ? \quad \pi_*(\overline{\mathcal{L}}) = ? \quad \text{e.g. over } \mathbb{Q} ?$$

VASSILIEV APPROACH :

There is a spectral sequence

$$\underbrace{E_{p,q}^1} \implies H_*(\overline{\mathcal{L}}) \quad \text{if } d \geq 4$$

↳ combinatorial object well understood ("chord diagrams")

# COSIMPLICIAL MODEL FOR $\overline{\mathcal{L}}$

Thm (Sinha)

There exists a cosimplicial space

$$F[\cdot, \mathbb{R}^d] = \left\{ \cdots \begin{array}{c} \longleftarrow \\ \longleftarrow \\ \longleftarrow \end{array} F[2, \mathbb{R}^d] \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{d^0} \\ \xleftarrow{d^1} \\ \xleftarrow{d^2} \end{array} F[1, \mathbb{R}^d] \xleftarrow{d^0} F[0, \mathbb{R}^d] \right\}$$

such that if  $d \geq 4$ ,  $\overline{\mathcal{L}} \simeq \text{Tot}(F[\cdot, \mathbb{R}^d]) \simeq \underset{\Delta}{\text{holim}} F[\cdot, \mathbb{R}^d]$

$F[m, \mathbb{R}^d]$  = a suitable compactification (h.e.) of the configuration space

$$F(m, \mathbb{R}^d) = \{(\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_m) \mid \kappa_i \in \mathbb{R}^d, \kappa_i \neq \kappa_j\}$$

cofaces  $d^i$ : fix an infinitesimal vector  $m \neq 0$  in  $\mathbb{R}^d$

$$d^i: F[m, \mathbb{R}^d] \longrightarrow F[m+1, \mathbb{R}^d]$$

$$(\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_m) \longmapsto (\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_i, \kappa_i + m, \dots, \kappa_m)$$

$$\longmapsto (-m \cdot \infty, \kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_m)$$

$$\longmapsto (\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_m, m \cdot \infty)$$

$1 \leq i \leq m$

$i=0$

$i=m+1$

codegeneracies  $s^i$

$$s^i: F[m, \mathbb{R}^d] \longrightarrow F[m-1, \mathbb{R}^d]$$

$$(\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa_m) \longmapsto (\kappa_1, \dots, \hat{\kappa}_j, \dots, \kappa_m)$$

# COSIMPLICIAL OBJECT ASSOCIATED TO A MULTIPLICATIVE NON- $\Sigma$ OPERAD

$\mathcal{O} = \{\mathcal{O}(n)\}_{n \geq 0}$  a non- $\Sigma$  operad (e.g. in  $\text{Top}$ )

$A = \{*\}_{n \geq 0}$  the associative non- $\Sigma$  operad

Def  $\mathcal{O}$  is multiplicative if it is equipped with  
a morphism  $\mu: A \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$ :

$$\mathcal{O} \text{ multiplicative} \iff \begin{cases} \exists m \in \mathcal{O}(2) : m \circ_1 m = m \circ_2 m \\ \exists u \in \mathcal{O}(0) : m \circ_1 u = \text{id} = m \circ_2 u \end{cases}$$

Proposition (Gerstenhaber Kapranov / McClure Smith).

If  $\mathcal{O}$  is a multiplicative non- $\Sigma$ -operad  
one can define a cosimplicial object

$$\mathcal{O}^\bullet = \{ \dots \overset{\leftarrow}{\parallel} \overset{\leftarrow}{\parallel} \overset{\leftarrow}{\parallel} \mathcal{O}(2) \overset{\leftarrow}{\parallel} \overset{d^0}{\parallel} \mathcal{O}(1) \overset{\leftarrow}{\parallel} \overset{d^0}{\parallel} \mathcal{O}(0) \}$$

where  $d^i: \mathcal{O}(n) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(n+1)$

$$d \longmapsto \begin{cases} \alpha \circ_i m & \text{if } 1 \leq i \leq n \\ m \circ_2 \alpha & \text{if } i=0 \\ m \circ_1 \alpha & \text{if } i=n+1 \end{cases}$$

$\delta^i: \mathcal{O}(n) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(n-1)$

$$d \longmapsto \alpha \circ_i \mu$$

$$\therefore \mathcal{O} \text{ an } A\text{-bimodule} \implies \mathcal{O}^\bullet: \Delta \longrightarrow \text{Top}$$

$$\text{for all } n \geq 0: \mathcal{O}_{(n)}^\bullet: \Delta[n] \longrightarrow \text{Top}$$

# GENERALISATION OF THE GERSTENHABER-KAPRANOV CONSTRUCTION

Thm (L + Turchin + Volic')

- There exists a finite category (poset) of  $n$ -fans  $\underline{\Phi}_n$
- If  $\mu: \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$  is a morphism of non  $\Sigma$  operads then we can construct a diagram  $\hat{\mathcal{O}}_{(n)}: \underline{\Phi}_n \rightarrow \text{Top}$  and this construction is natural
- There exists a left cofinal functor  $\lambda: \underline{\Phi}_n \rightarrow \Delta[n]$
- If  $\mu: \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}$  is a multiplicative non  $\Sigma$  operad then

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \underline{\Phi}_n & \xrightarrow{\lambda} & \Delta[n] \\
 & \searrow^{\hat{\mathcal{O}}_{(n)}} & \downarrow \mathcal{O}_{(n)}^\bullet \\
 & & \text{Top}
 \end{array}$$

and  $\text{Tot}^m(\mathcal{O}^\bullet) \simeq \underset{\underline{\Phi}_n}{\text{holim}} \hat{\mathcal{O}}_{(n)}$

• If

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathcal{B} & \xrightarrow{\mu} & \mathcal{O} \\
 \simeq \downarrow & & \downarrow \simeq \\
 \mathcal{B}' & \xrightarrow{\mu'} & \mathcal{O}'
 \end{array}$$

then  $\hat{\mathcal{O}}_{(n)} \xrightarrow{\simeq} \hat{\mathcal{O}}'_{(n)}$

FORMALITY OF THE FULTON-McPHERSON OPERAD

Thm (Kontsevich)

The Fulton McPherson is formal over  $\mathbb{R}$   
 i.e. there exists a zigzag of quasi-iso of operads

$$C_*(\mathfrak{F}_d) \xleftarrow{\cong} \dots \xrightarrow{\cong} H_*(\mathfrak{F}_d)$$

Thm (L + Volic')

Let  $d \geq 2m+1$  and fix  $\varepsilon: \mathbb{R}^m \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^d$  a linear embed.  
 Then  $\varepsilon_*: \mathfrak{F}_m \rightarrow \mathfrak{F}_d$  is formal:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_*(\mathfrak{F}_m) & \xleftarrow{\cong} \dots \xrightarrow{\cong} & H_*(\mathfrak{F}_m) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ C_*(\mathfrak{F}_d) & \xleftarrow{\cong} \dots \xrightarrow{\cong} & H_*(\mathfrak{F}_d) \end{array}$$

Application  $m=1, d \geq 3$       coeff =  $\mathbb{R}$

$$\begin{aligned} H_*(\mathcal{L}) &\stackrel{d \geq 4}{=} H_*(\text{Tot}(\mathcal{K}_d^\bullet)) \\ &\stackrel{H_* \text{ BKSS}}{=} H_*\left(\bigoplus_{p=0}^{\infty} C_*(\mathcal{K}_d^p)\right) \\ &\stackrel{\text{formality}}{=} H_*\left(\bigoplus_{p=0}^{\infty} H_*(\mathcal{K}_d^p)\right) \end{aligned}$$

• horiz. diff. from cofiber  
 • vertical diff. internal to  $C_*(\mathcal{K}^!)$   
 → no vertical differential!

Thm (L + Turchin + Volic')

The Vanishing s.s. computing  $H_*(\mathcal{L}; \mathbb{R})$  collapses at  $E_1$