

**Question 1**

1 point Simplify as much as possible the expression  $\frac{(x^4 y^{1/4})^{1/2}}{y^{1/2}}$ . Answer :  $x^2 y^{-3/8}$

**Question 2**

1 point Simplify  $\frac{x+1}{x-2} + \frac{x+1}{x-3} + \frac{-9x+21}{x^2-5x+6}$ . Answer :  $\frac{2(x-4)}{(x-3)}$

**Question 3**

1 point If  $y = \sqrt[4]{\frac{2x+3}{5}}$ , write  $x$  as a function of  $y$ . Answer :  $x = (5y^4 - 3)/2$

**Question 4**

1 point Using long division, write  $\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 3}{x + 2}$  in the form  $p(x) + r(x)/q(x)$  with the degree of  $r$  smaller than the degree of  $q$ .

Answer :  $x^2 + 1 + \frac{1}{x+2}$

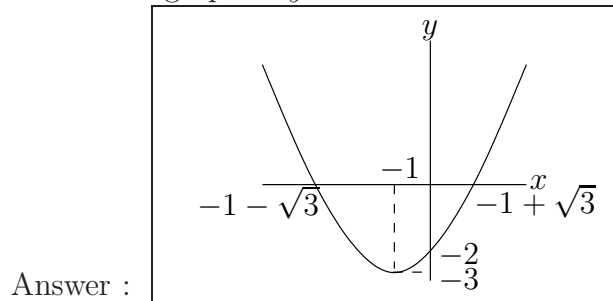
**Question 5**

1 point Find the roots of the polynomial  $x^2 + 2x - 2$  (i.e. solve  $x^2 + 2x - 2 = 0$ ).

Answer :  $-1 \pm \sqrt{3}$

**Question 6**

1 point Sketch the graph of  $y = x^2 + 2x - 2$ . Don't forget to indicate the intersection with the axes.

**Question 7**

1 point Find the value of  $c$  in the polynomial  $4x^2 - 12x + c$  such that the roots are equal.

Answer :  $c = 9$

**Question 8**

1 point Find the values of  $x$  such that  $x^2 - 4x + 3 > 0$ . Answer :  $x < 1$  or  $x > 3$

**Question 9**

1 point Find the values of  $x$  such that  $\frac{2}{x+1} > \frac{1}{x-3}$ . Answer :  $-1 < x < 3$  and  $x > 7$

**Question 10**

1 point Find the domain of the function  $y = f(x) = \left(\frac{2x+7}{3}\right)^{-1/2}$ .

Answer ;  $x > -7/2$

**Question 11**

1 point Find the range of the function  $y = f(x) = 3 + 2x - x^2$ .

Answer :  $x \leq 4$

**Question 12**

1 point Find the simplest form of  $(f \circ g)(x)$ , where  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$ .

Answer :  $(f \circ g)(x) = |x|$

**Question 13**

1 point Find the value of  $x$  such that  $|x^2 - 4| = 4$ . Answer :  $0$  or  $\pm 2\sqrt{2}$

**Question 14**

1 point Find the values of  $x$  such that  $\log_{10}(100^x) = 3$ . Answer :  $3/2$

**Question 15**

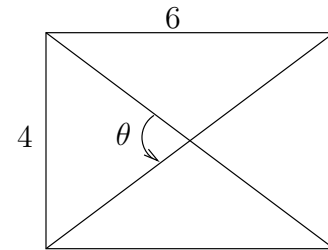
1 point Find the values of  $x$  such that  $e^x + 2e^{-x} = 3$ . Answer :  $x = 0$  and  $x = \ln(2)$

**Question 16**

1 point Find the values of  $x$  such that  $\ln(2) - \ln(x) = \ln(3 - x)$ . Answer :  $x = 1$  and  $x = 2$

**Question 17**

1 point Find the cosinus of the angle  $\theta$  in the following figure.



Answer :  $\frac{5}{13}$

**Question 18**

1 point If  $\cos(\theta) = 1/2$ , find all possible values of  $\sin(\theta)$ . Answer :  $\pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

**Question 19**

1 point If  $\sin(\theta) = \frac{1}{x}$ , find  $\tan(\theta)$ . Answer :  $\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$

**Question 20**

1 point Find the slope of the line  $5x + 7y + 5 = 0$ . Answer :  $-\frac{5}{7}$

**Question 21**

1 point If  $x + y = 2$  and  $2x - 3y = 1$ , find  $x$  and  $y$ . Answer :  $x = \frac{7}{5}$  and  $y = \frac{3}{5}$