1. Starting from the Maclaurin series for $\frac{1}{1-x}$, find the Maclaurin series of (i) $\ln \left(1+x^{2}\right)$ and
(ii) $\int \ln \left(1+x^{2}\right) d x$ and give their intervals of convergence.

Work:

Answers:
2. Find the Maclaurin series of $f(x)=\left(1+x^{2}\right)^{2 / 3}$.

Work:

Answer:
3. Sketch, on the same graph, the level curves of $x^{2}-y^{2}=C$ for $C=-4,-1,0,1,4$. Indicate the scale on your axes and label the contours.

## Answer:

4. Find all first and second partial derivatives of the functions.
(a) $f(x, y)=2 x^{2} y^{3}+3 x-\ln y$
(b) $g(r, \theta)=r^{2} \cos (3 \theta)-e^{3 r}$
(c) $f(x, t)=3 x \cos \left(2 t^{2}-4\right)$

Work and Answers:

